

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA  
ABINGDON DIVISION**

**LARRY R. BREEDING,**  
**Plaintiff**

**v.**

**Civil Action No. 1:06cv00113**

**OPINION**

**MICHAEL J. ASTRUE,**  
**Commissioner of Social Security,<sup>1</sup>**  
**Defendant**

**By: PAMELA MEADE SARGENT**  
**United States Magistrate Judge**

In this social security action, I am asked to rule on a motion for an attorney's fee, (Docket Item No. 18) ("the Motion"). Based on the reasoning set out below, the Motion will be granted.

Larry R. Breeding filed this action challenging the final decision of the Commissioner of Social Security, ("Commissioner"), denying his claim for a period of disability and disability insurance benefits, ("DIB"), under the Social Security Act, as amended, ("Act"), 42 U.S.C.A. § 423. (West 2003 & Supp. 2007). Jurisdiction of this court exists pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 405(g). The Commissioner answered the suit, filing the administrative record. Thereafter, the court, by order entered August 8, 2007, vacated the Commissioner's decision denying benefits and remanded the case to the Commissioner for an award of benefits. (Docket Item No. 17.) Counsel for Breeding has filed a petition seeking approval of a fee of \$ 1,765.75 for representing

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<sup>1</sup>Michael J. Astrue became the Commissioner of Social Security on February 12, 2007, and is, therefore, substituted for Jo Anne B. Barnhart as the defendant in the action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 25(d)(1).

Breeding in this court. The Commissioner has not objected to the fee request.

In proceedings under title II of the Act, the court is authorized to determine and allow a “reasonable [attorney’s] fee . . . not in excess of 25 percent of the total of the past-due benefits to which the claimant is entitled . . . .” 42 U.S.C.A. § 406(b)(1)(A) (West 2003 & Supp. 2007). The Fourth Circuit, construing the legislative history, has held that the 25 percent limit includes any separate fee authorized by the Commissioner for services rendered in the administrative proceedings. *See Morris v. Soc. Sec. Admin.*, 689 F.2d 495, 497 (4th Cir. 1982) (per curiam).

The Supreme Court has held that a district court, in determining a fee under § 406(b)(1)(A), must consider the fee arrangement between the client and the attorney, including a contingency fee arrangement, as the first step in testing the requested fee for reasonableness. *See Gisbrecht v. Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789, 808 (2002). In this case, Breeding’s counsel has not provided the court with a fee agreement. Breeding’s counsel has provided the court with a copy of the Social Security Administration’s January 15, 2008, Notice Of Award Letter, which states that it has awarded benefits to Breeding. The letter states that it has withheld \$7,067.50, or 25 percent, of the past due benefits to pay any claimed attorney’s fee.

Also, in determining a reasonable fee, courts should consider whether counsel’s actions contributed to a delay allowing an accumulation of past due benefits or whether the benefits awarded are large in comparison to the amount of time expended by the attorney. *See Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 808. Furthermore, it appears proper for the court to consider the so-called “lodestar” method of fee determination, whereby a reasonable fee is determined by multiplying the number of hours reasonably expended on the litigation by a reasonable hourly rate, to assess the reasonableness of

the agreed fee. *See Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 801-02 (quoting *Hensley v. Eckerhart*, 461 U.S. 424, 433 (1983)) ("[t]he most useful starting point for [court determination of] the amount of a reasonable fee is the number of hours reasonably expended on the litigation multiplied by a reasonable hourly rate"); *see also Blanchard v. Bergeron*, 489 U.S. 87, 94 (1989). Also, the fee petitioner bears the burden of justifying a requested fee. *See Blum v. Stenson*, 465 U.S. 886, 896 n.11 (1984).

In the present case, Breeding's counsel has supplied evidence that shows that counsel spent a total of seven hours in representing Breeding in this court.<sup>2</sup> The time expended appears reasonable. Also, the Motion requests a total fee of \$ 1,765.75, which, if paid for seven hours of work, would result in a payment of \$ 252.25 per hour. I further find that there is no evidence that counsel in any way contributed to a delay in the award of benefits; nor do I find that the benefits awarded were great in comparison to the hours expended by counsel. Thus, taking into account all of the relevant factors, I find that a fee of \$ 1,765.75 is reasonable.

For the foregoing reasons, the Motion will be granted and a judgment will be entered awarding the plaintiff's attorney a fee of \$1,765.75.

DATED: February 12, 2008.

/s/ Pamela Meade Sargent  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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<sup>2</sup>Counsel has submitted a sworn, itemized statement of the time expended before this court in representing Breeding.